CANADIAN REHABILITATION COUNCIL FOR THE DISABLED NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

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Chartered Accountants

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March 16, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Canadian Rehabilitation Council for the Disabled New Brunswick Branch Incorporated:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Canadian Rehabilitation Council for the Disabled New Brunswick Branch Incorporated which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, Canadian Rehabilitation Council for the Disabled New Brunswick Branch Incorporated derives part of its earnings from contributions and bequests, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit procedures. Accordingly, our audit of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Council and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to contributions, revenue and bequests, excess of revenue over expenditures, assets, liabilities and net assets.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Canadian Rehabilitation Council for the Disabled New Brunswick Branch Incorporated as at December 31, 2014, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Shamon + Buffett LLP

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR 2013

| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|---|--|--|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current: Cash Term deposits Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses | \$ 328,332 109,022 182,622 22,940 | \$ 285,080 108,407 180,596 24,021 |
| Restricted cash (note 2) Capital assets (note 3) | 642,916 13,982 18.360 | 598,104 3,974 3,102 |
| • | \$ <u>675.258</u> | \$ <u>605,180</u> |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | |
| Current: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4) Trust funds payable Deferred revenue | \$ 62,600 565 55.388 | \$ 65,481 565 72.843 138.889 |
| NET ASSETS | | |
| Unrestricted net assets Restricted net assets (note 2) | 542,723 13.982 556,705 | 462,317 3.974 466.291 |
| | \$ <u>675.258</u> | \$605,180 |
| See accompanying notes to financial statements. | | |
| On Behalf of the Board: | | |
| Chair: | | |

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR 2013

| | | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|---|--|-------------|------------------|
| Revenue: | | | |
| Fundraising | | | |
| - Events and campaigns | \$ | 47,350 | \$ 71,785 |
| United way | | 27,270 | 30,616 |
| Special projects | | 80,385 | 70,983 |
| Department of Social Development grant | | 52,086 | 52,852 |
| Department of Social Development project | | 332,331 | 346,427 |
| Assistive technology | | 98,447 | 110,940 |
| Assistive technology recoveries | | 312,771 | 293,965 |
| Camp Rotary operations | | 429,439 | 428,142 |
| - We Care grant | | 42,400 | • |
| - President's Choice Children's Charity | | 23,400 | 16,000 |
| Contributions | | 1,275 | 3,261 |
| Interest | | 1,591 | 1,443 |
| Miscellaneous | _ | 3.536 | 9 |
| | ************************************** | 1,452,281 | 1,426,423 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Administration | | 92,272 | 95,936 |
| Promotion and public relations | | 41,460 | 41,926 |
| Fundraising | | 44,914 | 45,521 |
| Special projects | | 80,626 | 73,476 |
| Personal services | | 100,412 | 123,754 |
| Department of Social Development project | | 187,172 | 178,032 |
| Assistive technology | | 329,772 | 333,637 |
| Camp Rotary | _ | 485.239 | 450,181 |
| | - | 1,361,867 | 1.342,463 |
| Excess of revenue over expenditures, for the year | \$ | 90,414 | \$ <u>83,960</u> |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR 2013

| | <u>Unrestricted</u> | Restricted | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 462,317 | \$ 3,974 | \$ 466,291 | \$ 382,331 |
| Excess of revenue over expenditures | 90,406 | 8 | 90,414 | 83,960 |
| Transfers (note 2) | (10,000) | 10,000 | | |
| Balance, end of year | \$ <u>542,723</u> | \$ <u>13,982</u> | \$ <u>556,705</u> | \$ <u>466.291</u> |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR 2013

| CASH GENERATED FROM (USED IN): | | 2014 | | <u>2013</u> |
|---|---------------|--|---|---|
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Excess of revenue over expenditures for the year | \$ | 90,414 | \$ | 83,960 |
| Items not requiring a cash outlay: Amortization | | 4,080 | | 1,230 |
| Net change in current assets and liabilities other than cash: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Trust fund Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue | - | (2,026) 1,081 - (2,881) (17,455) 73,213 | *************************************** | (17,426) (2,137) (671) (33,105) (3,753) 28,098 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | <u>13,213</u> | • | 20.070 |
| Additions to capital assets | . | (19.338) | | - |
| INCREASE (DECREASE), in cash | | 53,875 | | 28,098 |
| CASH, beginning of year | | 397,461 | | 369,363 |
| CASH, end of year | \$ | 451,336 | \$ | 397,461 |
| Cash composition: Cash Term deposits Restricted cash | \$ \$ | 328,332 109,022 13.982 451,336 | \$ \$ | 285,080 108,407 3,974 397,461 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Description of the organization:

The Canadian Rehabilitation Council for the Disabled New Brunswick Branch Incorporated is the principal New Brunswick agency working in partnership with people with physical disabilities so that they may attain independence and equality of opportunity generally available in the community. The Council operates under the name of Easter Seals N.B.

1. Summary of significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Revenue recognition -

The Council follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue is earned.

(b) Pledges -

The Council does not record pledges as revenue until the funds are received.

(c) Contributed services -

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Due to the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

(d) Capital assets -

Additions to capital assets are recorded at cost. Provision for amortization is made utilizing the declining balance method at a 20% rate for furniture and equipment and 30% for computer equipment and vehicles.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Use of estimates -

Under Canadian generally accepted accounting principles management is required to make estimates and assumptions to prepare financial statements. These estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions that the Council may undertake in the future. These estimates and assumptions may affect the amount of assets and liabilities presented as at the reporting date and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the fiscal period. Significant estimates included in these financial statements pertain to the collectability of receivables and the allocation of expenses. Actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions used.

(f) Financial instruments -

(i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Council initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable.

The Council subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, term deposits, and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, trust funds payable and deferred revenue.

(ii) Impairment

At the end of each reporting period the Council assesses whether there are any indications that a financial asset measured at amortized cost may be impaired.

When there is an indication of impairment, the Council determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future in cash flows from the financial asset.

When the Council identifies that a significant adverse change in the expected timing of the amount of future cash flows from a financial asset, it reduces the carrying amount of the asset. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the statement of operations.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Financial instruments (continued) -

(ii) Impairment (continued)

When the extent of an impairment of a previously written down asset decreases and the decrease can be related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the improvement directly or by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statement of operations in the period the reversal occurs.

(iii) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are recognized in the statement of operations in the period incurred, except for financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at amortized costs.

2. Restricted net assets:

| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Camp Rotary: Balance, beginning of year Amount transferred to restricted net assets Interest income Less amount transferred from restricted net assets to offset current year's deficit | \$ 3,974 10,000 8 | |
| Balance, end of year | \$13.982 | \$ 3,974 |

Under the terms of the operating agreement between Rotary Club of Fredericton and the Council, any surplus resulting from the operating Camp Rotary are to be accounted for as follows:

- (a) An amount equal to the surplus or \$10,000 whichever is the lesser is paid into a trust account, the principal of which shall be utilized to offset future deficits.
- (b) The remaining balance, if any, is to be distributed as follows:
 - (i) one third to the Council as a management fee;
 - (ii) one third to be used for the following year Camp Rotary program development and
 - (iii) one third paid to Camp Rotary Endowment Fund.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

2. Restricted net assets (continued):

The Council also credits investment income to the account.

The other restricted amount is an amount restricted by the Donor during their lifetime. Interest only can be expensed during that time.

3. Capital assets:

| • | <u>Cost</u> | umulated ortization | N | 2014 Vet Book <u>Value</u> | | 2013 Net Book <u>Value</u> |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|
| Vehicles Furniture and equipment | \$ 32,098 15,763 | \$ 14,240 15,261 | \$ | 17,858 502 | \$_ | 2,470 632 |
| | \$ 47,861 | \$ 29,501 | \$ | 18,360 | \$_ | 3,102 |

4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities is comprised of:

| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Trade accounts payable Accrued payroll and benefits Other accrued liabilities | \$ 9,925 13,595 39,080 | \$ 31,164 9,983 24,334 |
| | \$ 62.600 | \$ 65,481 |

5. Financial instruments:

The Council is exposed to the following various risks though its financial instruments:

Credit risk -

Credit risk is the risk that a party may default on their financial obligations to the Council, or if there is a concentration of transactions carried out with the same party or a concentration of financial obligations which have similar economic characteristics that could be similarly affected by changes in economic conditions, such that the Council could incur a financial loss.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

5. Financial instruments (continued):

Credit risk (continued) -

The maximum exposure that the Council has to credit risk as at December 31, is as follows:

| | <u>2014</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|--|---|--|
| Cash Term deposits Accounts receivable Restricted cash and term deposits | \$ 328,332 109,022 182,622 13,982 | \$ 285,080 108,407 180,596 3,974 |
| | \$ 633,958 | \$ 578,057 |

Credit risk in cash and term deposits, is minimized by investing in major Canadian financial institutions. Management minimizes credit risk in accounts receivable by dealing with selected known customers and close monitoring of accounts receivable balances. A substantial part of accounts receivable is with the Province of New Brunswick 2014 - \$160,485 (2013 - \$156,203). Management believes that other credit risk is minimal.

Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due.

The Council meets its liquidity requirements by preparing an annual budget for operations, anticipating investing and financing activities and holding assets that can be readily converted into cash.

Market risk -

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk -

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Council does not normally transact a significant portion of its business in non-Canadian dollars and is not exposed to any significant currency risks.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH INCORPORATED

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

5. Financial instruments (continued):

Interest rate risk -

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The exposure of the council to interest rate risk arises from its interest bearing assets. The Council cash includes amounts on deposit with financial institutions that earn interest at market rates. The Council manages its exposure to the interest rate risk on its cash by maximizing the interest income earned on excess funds while maintaining the liquidity necessary to conduct operations on a day to day basis. Fluctuations in market rates of interest on cash do not have a significant impact on the Council's results of operations.

The primary objective of the Council with respect to its term deposits is to ensure the security of principal amounts invested, provide a high degree of liquidity and achieve a satisfactory investment return. The Council manages its interest rate risk exposure on fixed income maturities by investing in a portfolio of varying maturities with differing interest rates.

Other price risk -

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments on future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risks or interest risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting similar instruments traded in the market.

The Council is not exposed to any significant price risks.

Changes in risk -

There have been no changes in the Council's risk exposures from the prior year.

6. Donated equipment:

During the fiscal year the Canadian Rehabilitation Council for the Disabled New Brunswick Branch Incorporated issued tax receipts in the amount of \$826 (December 2013 - \$4,748) for contributions of equipment. This amount, which represents the fair value of the contributed equipment, is not recorded in the Statement of Operations.

7. Capital management:

The Council prepares an operating budget of its operations prior to each fiscal year. The budget is reviewed and approved by the Board. The operating budget includes both budgeted revenues and expenses. Expenditures are budgeted based on anticipated operation levels as well as available funding. Surplus funds are invested in term deposits or GIC's until required.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

8. Expense allocation:

Salaries and employee benefits are allocated to programs based on the program the individual is assigned to. Executive and administrative salaries and benefits are allocated based on the estimated amount of time devoted to each program. Most other purchases and expenses are allocated to programs on a direct basis. Rent is allocated based on the percentage of square footage used per program. The Council allocates 48% of total fundraising costs to promotion and public relations.